Chapter 5 The Problem of Pride

"He who boasts, Let him boast IN THE LORD" 1 Cor. 1:31

"that no flesh should glory (boast) in His Presence" (1 Cor. 1:29)

The BOASTER is the person who prais	es himself and brags about what he has done.
The Bible teaches us that we are not saved by	" of righteousness which
	t we are saved because of the work which Christ
has done of the cross! Therefore, since salvati	on is not by human effort or works, it's
unthinkable and unfitting for a saved person to	(Eph. 2:9; see also Romans
4:2 where the expression "to glory" means "to	boast"). Since salvation is by faith and not by
works, boasting is	(Rom. 3:27-28). The person who boasts has
faith in himself; the person who is saved has fa	nith in Christ alone.

Being saved is a very humbling experience! PRIDE has kept millions of people from coming to the Saviour.

Read carefully the parable which the Lord Jesus told in Luke 18:9-14 and discuss the following questions which are found on the top of page 38:

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Luke 18:9-14

Which	man boaste	ed and bra	gged abou	it his acco	mplishments
Which	man humb	led himsel	f before C	od?	
Which	man thoug	ht he was	saved?		
Which	man really	was saved	 d?		

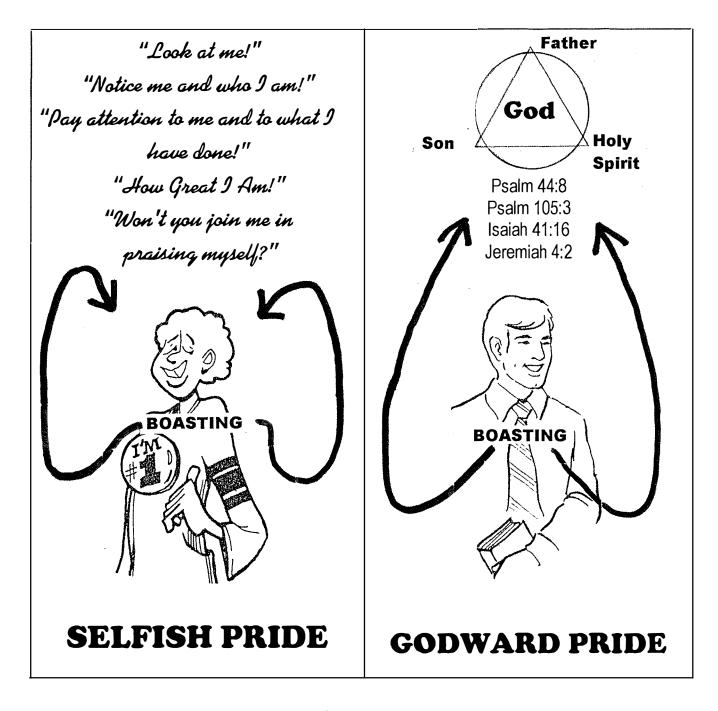
Is It Always Wrong to Boast?

The Lord wants us to boast and brag! He forbids us, however, to boast and brag about ourselves:

"But he that glorieth (boasteth; in the verses we will be considering in this chapter, whenever we find the word "glory" in the King James Bible, it may be translated "boast"), let him glory (boast) ______ "

(2 Cor. 10:17; compare 1 Cor. 1:29,31).

Boasting (bragging) in and of itself is not sinful. It quickly becomes sinful when we boast in ______ (1 Cor. 3:21) or in ourselves. When God created us He wanted us to be proud creatures—PROUD OF HIM!! There is nothing wrong with pride, but we must make sure pride is directed *not* toward self, but toward God. We need to develop Godward pride! Are you PROUD of the living God, the Creator of the universe? The illustration on page 39 will help us to see the difference between boasting in self (sinful boasting) and boasting in the Lord (righteous boasting).



Instead of wanting attention for myself, I want God to have all the attention! Instead of showing off, I want to show God off. Instead of proudly telling everyone about me and all my accomplishments, I want to tell everyone about Christ and all His accomplishments. Instead of seeking the **preeminence** (first place) in everything (3 John 9), I want Christ to have preeminence (Col. 1:18)! Instead of having everything revolve around me, I want everything to revolve around Christ Just as in our solar system everything revolves around the *sun*, so spiritually everything should revolve around the *Son* of God. He is the Center!

THE BOASTING WHICH GOD HATES

Read Jeremiah 9:23

Notice the kinds of boasting which God hates:

- 1) Boasting in MIND POWER:
 - The **wise man** says, "Look how much <u>I</u> know! No one needs to tell<u>me</u> how to live <u>my</u> life!"
- 2) Boasting in MUSCLE POWER:
 - The **mighty man** says, "Look at what <u>I</u> have done. Look at what <u>I</u> have accomplished! I don't need anyone to help <u>me</u>. <u>I</u> can do it <u>myself</u>."
- 3) Boasting in MONEY POWER:

The **rich man** says, "Look at all that belongs to <u>me!</u> Look at all that <u>I</u> have! <u>I</u> am rich and in need of nothing" (Psalm 49:6; compare Revelation 3:17).

THE BOASTING WHICH GOD LOVES

Read Jeremiah 9:24

What kind of boasting pleases and delights the Lord?

- 1) The true **wise man** is the person who realizes how ignorant he is before a God who is all-knowing and all-wise (Isaiah 55:7-9; Romans 11:33-36).
- 2) The true **mighty man** is the person who realizes how weak and needy he is before a God who is Almighty and All-Powerful (2 Cor. 12:9-10).
- 3) The true **rich man** is the person who realizes that he has nothing in himself but everything in Christ (2 Corinthians 6:10; 8:9).

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Boasting or Praise?

The Hebrew word for "boasting" is **HALAL**. This word is also the Hebrew word for "praising" (compare the Hebrew expression **HALLELUJAH** which means "**Praise** the LORD!"). Whenever we praise ourselves, we are boasting. When we say, "Look how great I am", we are boasting. On the other hand, when we say, "Look how great God is!", then we are praising. Boasting in self is sin; boasting in God (praising Him) is our duty as creatures (Psalm 33:1; 147:1)!

The Apostle Paul's Boasting

In Philippians 3:3 Paul wrote, "For we are the circumcision, who worship God in the
spirit and REJOICE (BOAST) in Christ Jesus, and have
in the flesh." Paul would only boast in Christ Jesus! He refused to boast in anything that he
was or in anything that he did. Read Philippians 3:4-6. What were some of the things that
Paul could have boasted in?

According to Galatians 6:14, there was only one thing that Paul would **boast** about. Keep in mind that the word "glory" means "boast." Circle the correct answer:

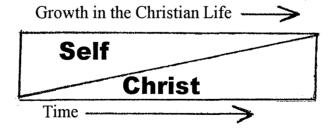
- a. His Jewish upbringing
- b. His education
- c. His position as a Pharisee
- d. His Saviour, and what He had done for him on the cross
- e. His righteous living according to Jewish law

Self-Magnification or Christ-Magnification?

Read Psalm 34:1-3 and answer the following questions:

- 1. Who should I <u>bless</u> (speak well of)?
- 2. How often?
- 3. What should always be found in my mouth?
- 4. In whom should I boast?
- 5. What kind of peole love to hear such boasting?
- 6. Who should we magnify?
- 7. What should we exalt?
- 8. If a person does not enjoy practicing #1-7 (blessing, praising, boasting, magnifying, exalting), will he be very happy in heaven (see Revelation 4:8-11; 5:12-14)?

4	According	to	Philippians	1:20,	what	was	Paul's	great	hope	and	expectancy?
							_ Whe	n we lo	ook at a	n obj	ect through a
MAGN	IFYING G	LAS	S, it looks BI	GGER	and it	becon	ies more	clearly	seen.	Го Ра	ul, Christ was
so BIG	so BIG and IMPORTANT, that when you looked at Paul's life, who did you see (Philippians										
1:21)?											
•	John the B	aptis	st also wante	d Chris	t to be	magn	ified. In	ı John 3	3:30 he	said,	"He (Christ)
must			(bec	ome bi	gger an	d bigg	er!), but	I must_			
(becom	e smaller a	nd s	maller)."					•			



Christ must increase; Self must decrease (compare the words of the hymn, "Not I, but				
Christ")! The morning star at first see	ms very bright, but as the sun rises, the star fades until it is			
seen no more! Jesus is the "	of righteousness" (Malachi 4:2) and He must increase!			
"Less of me and more of Jesus; Less of self, O Lord I pray;				

Till I am so lost in Jesus that I live like Him each day!"

DO YOU THINK YOU ARE SOMETHING?

What do you think of yourself? What is your opinion of yourself? What is your estimate of yourself (Below average? Average? Good? Great? The greatest?)? How do you rate yourself?

you rate yoursen:
Everyone wants "to be something." We want to be somebody of importance. We
want to be somebody that others notice and appreciate. We want to be able to say, "I'm
somebody!" We are somewhat surprised, therefore, to read Galatians 6:3 and to discover
that although we may think we are, in reality (from God's point of view)
we are! We are not as important as we thought we were!
If you were to drop dead today (compare Luke 12:20), would the world be able to go
on without you? Would you be long remembered as some great personage?
Often we think too of ourselves (Romans 12:3). Did Theudas
(Acts 5:36) and Simon (Acts 8:9) think too highly of themselves? Did Paul think
too highly of himself (Ephesians 3:8; 1 Corinthians 15:10; 2 Corinthians 12:11)?
We think we are something; God says we are(Gal.
6:3). We want to be able to say, "I'm SOMEBODY!"; God says, "You're a NOBODY!"
We think we are a BIG NUMBER. God says that we are ZERO. This is very humbling!
Don't be discouraged at your own nothingness and unimportance. The good news
is that God in His grace is able to make something out of nothing! Martin Luther once said,
"God created the world out of nothing (Genesis 1:1; Hebrews 11:3) and as long as we are
'nothing' God can make something out of us!"

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In and of ourselves, we are NOTHING!

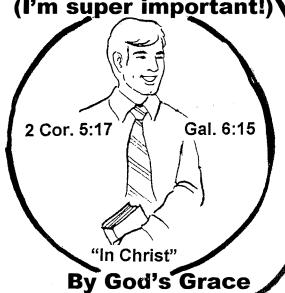
In Christ we are really something!

"I'm Nothing!"



(I'm super important!)

"I'm Really Something!"



Apart from Christ

- I'm a Child of God (1 John 3:1-2).
- I'm a Citizen of Heaven (Philippians 3:20).
- I'm an Ambassador for Christ (2 Corinthians 5:20).
- I'm a Servant (Slave) to God (Romans 6:22).
- I'm a New Creature (2 Corinthians 5:17).
- I'm a Member in the Body of Christ (1 Cor. 12:13; 12:27).
- I'm a Stone in the Building (1 Peter 2:5).
- I'm a Branch in the Vine (John 15:5).
- I'm a Sheep in His Flock (John 10:27-28).
- I'm a Subject of His Kingdom (Colossians 1:13). 10. Just to mention a few!

How did we (believers) get to be so IMPORTANT (1 Corinthians 15:10; 1 Timothy 1:14; 1 Corinthians 4:6-7)?

God's Perfect Pride

God is the only Person in the Univers	se who has a right to be PRC	JOD and who can
say, "I am the Greatest!" Why is it wrong f	for any creature to say this?	Why is it right for
God to say this (1 Chron. 16:25; Psalm	145:1-3)?	The second secon
	God is the only Person w	ho has a right to
BOAST ABOUT HIMSELF and to demand	PRAISE from others (comp	oare Isaiah 44:6-8;
45:5-6; 45:21-25)!		
The Lord Jesus once referred to "the	city of the	King" (Matthew
5:35; compare Psalm 48:1-2). Who is this	GREAT KING (see Revel	ation 19:19; John
1:1,14; Revelation 19:16-17)?	Therefore,	when Jesus spoke
of "the great King" WHO was He referring	to?	He called
HIMSELF great! Is He?		

The World's Greatest Jew

Suppose you were to ask your Jewish friends, "Who was the greatest Jew who ever lived?" How do you think they would answer? Would they say Abraham? Jacob? Moses? David?

As we study the gospel accounts, we discover that the Lord Jesus claimed to be the greatest Jew who ever lived! Let us consider these amazing claims:

1) Jesus claimed to be greater than Abraham, the Father of the Nation (John 8:53-58).

Notice the question that the Jews asked Jesus in verse 53. Read the answer Jesus gave them in verses 56-58. Abraham lived about 2000 B.C. What would you think if someone came up to you today and claimed to be over 2,000 years old, even though he only looked to be about 30 years old? Jesus claimed to be far greater than Abraham. He claimed to be the ETERNAL GOD, the GREAT "I AM" (compare Exodus 3:14).

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2)	2) Jesus claimed to be greater than Jacob, the Father of the children of Israel					
	(John 4:12-14)					
	Notice again the important question in verse 12. Jesus answers this question by contrasting					
two k	kinds of water. The water which came from Jacob's well could only satisfy man's physical					
needs	s (verse 13). The water which came from Jesus' well could satisfy man's spiritual and eternal					
needs	s (verse 14)! Therefore, who is greater, Jacob or Jesus?					
3)	Jesus claimed to be greater than Moses, the great leader of Israel (Luke 9:28-36).					
-,	Moses himself predicted that God would someday raise up a Great Prophet and Israel was					
told to	o <i>listen</i> to this prophet and <i>hear</i> His words (see Deut. 18:18-19). In Luke 9:33 two great Old					
	ment prophets appeared with the Lord on the Mount of transfiguration. Who were they?					
	, in his ignorance, wanted to honor all three <i>equally</i> (verse 33). God the Father had to teach					
Peter	that only ONE of these three should be honored above all others! Notice in verse 35 that					
God did <i>not</i> say to "hear Moses." Therefore, who is greater?						
4)						
4)	Jesus claimed to be greater than Jonah, Israel's great missionary prophet					
	(Matthew 12:41). Longh proposed to Ninovash the conital city of the wicked Assurian empire, and the people					
ronon	Jonah preached to Ninevah the capital city of the wicked Assyrian empire, and the people					
repented. Jesus, "a than Jonah" (Matt. 12:41), preached to the wicked						
JCWS	of His day and they refused to repent!					
5)	Jesus claimed to be greater than David, Israel's greatest king					
	(Matthew 22:41-46; compare Psalm 110:1).					
	The Jews knew that the Messiah would be David's Son (Matthew 22:42; 12:23). In Psalm					
110:1	110:1, David referred to the Messiah as his Lord! How could David's Son be David's Lord? The					
answe	er is found in Romans 1:3-4. Christ, as perfect man, was the son (descendant) of David					

(Matt. 1:1). As the Son of God Christ was David's Lord and Saviour! In John 13:16 Jesus said,

"The _____ is not greater than his _____." Therefore, if

Christ is David's Lord and Master, who is greater?

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- 6) Jesus claimed to be greater than Solomon, Israel's most glorious king (Matt. 12:42). Solomon was the wisest king who ever lived (1 Kings 3:12-13), but his wisdom was nothing compared to the wisdom of the KING OF KINGS who shall someday reign (compare Isaiah 11:2-3)! Solomon's glorious kingdom was nothing compared to the future millennial kingdom of Christ (Isaiah 2:2-5; 9:6-7; 11:4-9; etc.).
- 7) Jesus claimed to be greater than any Jew who ever lived because He alone claimed to be GOD! Study these amazing claims: John 5:17-18; 8:58-59; 10:28-31; 19:7.

ARE YOU PROUD OF THIS GOD? Are you proud to own Him as your God and Saviour (John 20:28)? Do you want Him to be magnified in your life? Is He worthy of your praise? Will you tell others about His greatness?

HALLELUJAH!!!

Review of Chapters 1-5

5 Christian Virtues That God Wants Us To Develop:

Do the following matching problem:

1.	Worry	A.	1 Peter 2:17
2	Fear	B.	Ephesians 4:26
3	Doubt	C.	1 Corinthians 7:32
4	Anger	D.	2 Corinthians 10:17
5.	Pride	E.	1 John 4:1

Review Questions:

- 1. What are some of the things that we commonly worry about? (p.1)
- 2. Why is worry disobedience? (p.2)
- 3. Why is worry a form of unbelief? (p.2) Why is worry a form of atheism? (p.2)
- 4. Why is worry illogical? (p.3)
- 5. In Matthew 6:27 was the Lord Jesus speaking of the length of a person's height or the length of a person's life? What are some reasons for saying so? (pages 4-6)
- 6. When does planning for tomorrow become sinful? (p.7) Instead of worrying about tomorrow's troubles and problems, what should we do TODAY? (pages 7-8)

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- 7. Why should we cast our care upon the Lord? (p.9)
- 8. How does a dead bird remind me of God's loving care? The hairs on my head? (p. 10)
- 9. What does the word "careful" mean in Philippians 4:6? (p.11)
- 10. In Philippians 4:6, what is the significance of the expression "unto God"? (p.12)
- 11. What does the New Testament term "prayer" really mean? (p.13)
- 12. How does a knowledge of WHO GOD IS help me in solving my daily problems? (pages 13-14)
- 13. What does the word "supplication" mean in Philippians 4:6 (p.15)
- 14. In Philippians 4:6, why is the word "thanksgiving" a faith word? (pages 15-16)
- 15. What are the 5 steps that I should follow in applying Philippians 4:6? (p.16)
- 16. What are some examples from the Scriptures of people who had peace in the midst of problems? (pages 17-18)
- 17. Can worry ever be healthy and helpful? (p.18)
- 18. What are some of the things that the unsaved should worry and be concerned about? (p.18).
- 19. What does the word "phobia" mean? (p.19)
- 20. Does God ever want people to be afraid? (p.19)
- 21. What are some ways in which fear can serve as a friend? (p.19)
- 22. Where is the first place in the Bible that fear is mentioned? Was this a healthy fear? (p.20).
- 23. What are some of the reasons why the believer does not need to fear? (p.21)
- 24. How does knowing WHO GOD IS relate to the problem of fear? (p.21)
- 25. What is the King of fears? (p.22)
- 26. Why does the believer not need to fear this greatest of all fears? (p.22)
- 27. Can you think of some examples to show that love can overcome fear? (p.22)
- 28. What is the fear that conquers all other fears? (p.23)
- 29. What is the fear of the Lord? What is the fear of men? (p.23)
- 30. If a person really fears the Lord, how will his life show it? (p.24).

(Continued on the next page)

- 31. Who should our close friends and companions be? (p.24)
- 32. What are five things that every believer should be afraid of? (p.24)
- 33. What does Genesis chapter 1 teach us about God's faithful Word? (pages 25-26)
- 34. What are some examples of fulfilled prophecy? (p.26)
- 35. Does Satan have anything to do with the fact that men doubt God's Word? (pages 26-27)
- 36. What does the name "Isaac" mean? (p.27)
- 37. What was Peter's great sin in Matthew 16:21-22? (p.27)
- 38. The person who disbelieves God is actually accusing God of what? (p.27)
- 39. Is it ever right to doubt? Can you give some examples from Scripture? (pages 27-28)
- 40. On what basis can a person KNOW that he is saved? (p.28)
- 41. What are some ways in which we can tempt the Lord today? (pages 29-30)
- 42. What are two things that God tells the believer to do with sinful anger? (p.31)
- 43. According to James, what is the difference between man's anger and God's anger? (p.31)
- 44. What are the two ways in which people often express sinful anger? (p.32)
- 45. What kind of anger primarily hurts OTHERS? (p.32)
- 46. What kind of anger primarily hurts SELF? (p.32)
- 47. How do we know that it is possible to control our temper? (p.33)
- 48. Is anger always a vice? (p.33)
- 49. Did the Lord Jesus ever get angry? Give some examples from the Scriptures. (p.34)
- 50. Does God want believers to BE ANGRY? (p.34)
- 51. Consider Moses, King Saul, and the Apostle Paul. When were each of these men angry in a righteous way? When were each of these men angry in a sinful way? (p.35)
- 52. According to 2 Samuel 12:1-9, who should David really have been angry with? (p.36)
- 53. How can anger be re-directed to solve life's problems? (p.36)

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- 54. Will any man be able to boast before God? (p.37)
- 55. If salvation were by works, what could a person then do? (p.37)
- 56. What has kept millions of people from coming to the Saviour? (p.37)
- 57. What is necessary before a person can really be saved? (pages 37-38)
- 58. When is it wrong to boast? When is it right to boast? (p.38)
- 59. What is the difference between selfish pride and Godward pride? (p.39)
- 60. What does the expression HALLELUJAH mean? (p.41)
- 61. What was the one thing that Paul would boast about? (p.41)
- 62. As we grow in the Christian life, who should get bigger and bigger? Who should get smaller and smaller? (p.42)
- What are some examples from the Scriptures of men who thought too much of themselves?

 (p.43)
- 64. Who was one man who had a correct opinion of who he was? (p.43)
- 65. Is the believer an important person IN CHRIST? (p.44)
- 66. How did the believer get to be so important? (p.44)
- 67. Who is the only Person in the universe who can BOAST about Himself? (p.45)
- 68. Did Jesus ever call Himself great? (p.45)
- 69. Who was older, Abraham or Jesus? (p.45)
- 70. Why was Jesus greater than Jacob? (p.46) than Moses? (p.46)
- 71. Why should the Jews have repented at the preaching of Jesus? (p.46)
- 72. The Jews knew that the Messiah would be a descendant of whom? (p.46)
- 73. How could David's son be David's Lord and Master? (p.46)
- 74. How would you compare the kingdom of Solomon with the kingdom of Christ? (p.47)
- 75. Did Jesus ever claim to be GOD? What did the Jews try to do whenever Jesus made such claims? (p.47)