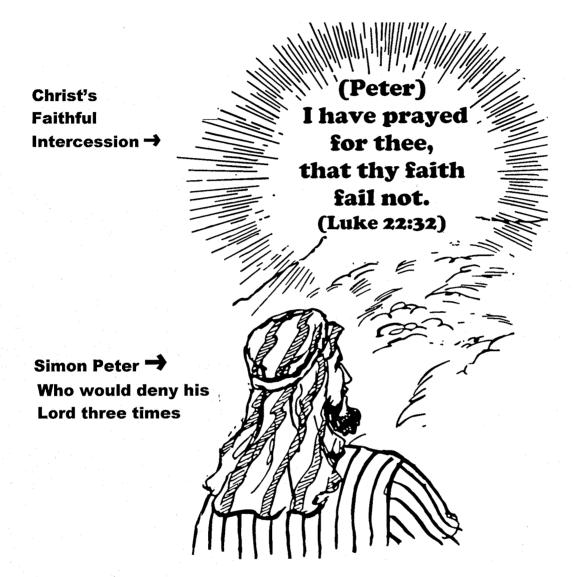
# Continuing in the Faith

Because of God's Great Keeping Power



The Middletown Bible Church 349 East Street Middletown, CT 06457 (860) 346-0907

www.middletownbiblechurch.org

# **Continuing in the Faith**

[The True Believer Continues in the Faith to the End]

If a person is really saved, then he should <i>know</i> that he	is saved and he should show that he is saved. His life
should point clearly to his wonderful Saviour, the Lord Je	sus Christ. His life, as a child of God, should be
distinctively different from those who do not know the Lord (s	
life should be manifested. "If any man be in	he is a
	s are passed away: behold all things are become
	will help you to remember some of the characteristics
that ought to be true in the life of a genuine believer:	will not pyou to remember some of the characteristics
that ought to be true in the me of a genume benever.	
A TRUE BELIEVER	
1believes the Word of God.	A. 1 John 3:14
2has a hunger for God's Word.	B. 1 Peter 2:2
3prays to his Heavenly Father.	C. 2 Peter 2:7-8
4loves the brethren.	D. 1 John 3:7-8
5obeys the Lord (keeps His Word).	E. 1 John 5:9-10
6does not continue in sin but lives a	F. 1 John 2:3-4
righteous life.	G. Romans 8:15-16
7does not enjoy living in sin.	H. Romans 10:9-10 and
8performs good works.	Matthew 10:32-33
9confesses Christ before men	I. James 2:14-26

These things ought to characterize the life of a true believer. If you are a true child of God, then you ought to **show it** and **live it**. You ought to bear the family image (1 John 3:9-10). Someone once asked, *If you were arrested for being a Christian would there be enough evidence to convict you?* Could a worn and well-used Bible be brought forth? Could witnesses be summoned who could testify that you told them about your Saviour? Is there a Pastor who could testify that you have been an active, healthy, faithful, serving member of a Bible-believing, Christ-honoring local assembly of believers?

If these things do not characterize your life, then this means that there is a serious spiritual problem. Two possibilities exist: 1) You could be spiritually sick. That is, you are a true believer who is very carnal and in a backslidden state (1 Cor. 3:1-4). You need to get right with God. 2) You could be spiritually dead. That is, you are not a true believer and you do not have God's life. You may have professed salvation but you may never have possessed salvation. We would urge you to get spiritual help from your Pastor or from another strong, God-fearing believer who would be able to offer sound spiritual counsel and help. Remember, nothing is more important than your relationship to the Lord Jesus Christ, and you need to do whatever is necessary so that you can have a real and right, healthy and happy relationship with the only true God.

#### A True Believer Continues in the Faith Because of God's Great Keeping Power (Luke 22:32; 1 Peter 1:5).

A true believer will at times struggle with sin and may fail in many ways. Sadly, he can be out of fellowship with the Lord even for prolonged periods of time (though we should confess our sins to God immediately–1 John 1:9). He can walk in the flesh and be carnal and even act like an unsaved person (1 Cor. 3:1-4). A true believer may fail the Lord in many ways but he will not let go of Jesus Christ and he will not let go of the gospel. The true believer may fall very hard on the deck of the "ship of faith" but he will not fall overboard, nor will he abandon ship. We will now study why this is so.

1

	ur Saviour even in the most difficult of tin viour, or is it because He is strong and wi	
0.00	d allow him to be completely destroyed?	
believer fall? Will Good believer?	d allow him to be completely destroyed? _	Who upholds the
	Peter's Lapse of Faith	
13:9-10). This means that Peter	iples. He was a saved man. The Bible te already had his "salvation bath"; he was c true about you (Acts 10:43; Eph. 1:7)?	completely clean and had all his
	o a terrible sin. He denied the Lord and to ny times did Peter do this (Matthew 26:75)	
	alized the enormity of his sin, what did he	do (Matthew 26:75, end of the
believer in Christ, but he fell dov	wn very hard on the ship of faith. Thankfi	Peter was a saved man, a ully, he did not fall overboard.
God made sure that this would n		
In Luke 22:34 what did Jesus	s predict would happen to Peter?	
Peter's F would	In Luk I not F When Peter den	e 22:32, the Lord prayed that
seems as though his faith did failtime, he would not have fallen in very hard on the deck of the ship did not abandon the ship). The if faith will not totally fail." Peter's serious fall but not a fatal fall. He total eclipse. He did not fall like recovered. Jesus prayed that he and on the Day of Pentecost Peters.	I. Certainly, if Peter had truly been trusting to this sin. Yes, Peter certainly had a serie of faith), but his faith did not totally fail dea in our Lord's prayer for Peter is this: It is sin did not lead to a fall from which he defailed but he did not utterly fail. His fair Judas did, a fall from which there was no would recover, and that prayer was answered did not deny the Lord, but he bravely cover 2)! Peter was a bold witness for the Lord.	ing the Lord during this difficult ious lapse of faith (he fell down (he did not fall overboard; he "Peter, I'm praying that your could never recover. It was a th was eclipsed but it was not a recovery. Peter fell but he cred. Peter's faith did not fail, onfessed Christ before
the Lord Jesus pray for you that John 17:11,15. What would hav would we be if it were not for ou for the way Christ intercedes for	22:32). Is Peter the only one that enjoys suyour faith will not fail? See Hebrews 7:2 e happened if the Lord had not prayed for Lord's faithful intercession on our beha His ownever living to make intercession intercessory prayer in John 17, especially	5; Romans 8:34 and compare Peter? As believers, where lf? How thankful we should be n for us! Christ prays for us that
unclean (John 13:10-11). Judas in his salvation because you cannot recovered. Judas recognized that (Matthew 27:3-5)? Jesus	ple, Judas. Peter was cleansed and forgive never had his salvation bath, but Peter was lose what you never had. Peter fell into s the had sinned by betraying the Lord, but s said it would have been better if Judas has Saviour that he pretended to love; Peter v Matthew 26:75).	s forgiven. Judas did not lose serious sin, but he repented and did he turn back to the Saviour ad never been

Was Peter a Christ-denier? The answer is YES and NO. If you were to take a snapshot of Peter on the night when he denied the Lord, then you would see him as a Christ-denier. However, if you were to take a video of his entire Christian life, it would show a man who boldly confessed the Lord at every opportunity he had, and who, at the end of his life, instead of denying the Lord, was willing to be crucified for his faith. He was faithful even unto death. Judas, on the other hand, was a phony pretender, destined for hell (John 17:12).

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## A Life-Long Commitment

love relationship with the God who died and rose would you go back to error? If you have found t destruction? If you have tasted of the Bread of L never satisfy? If you have come to the light, why have decided to follow Jesus, no turning back, no commitment to you. When you first came to Chr	ne week or one month or one year, but it is a permanent again for you. If you have discovered the truth, why the way of life, why would you go back onto the road of ife (John 6:35), why would you return to the crumbs that would you turn again to darkness? As the song says, "I to turning back!" God does not go back on His
A Ten	nporary Faith
13:5-6). Stony ground means that there was a tup but the soil was not deep and the roots could	s seed that was tossed on stony ground (read Matthew hin layer of soil covering a rock ledge. The plant sprang I not go down deep to find water. Thus the plant soon atthew 13:6). The plant looked good when it first sprang away.
Compare Luke 8:6,13. What is the one thing the ground and the seed that fell on the good ground	at is similar between the seed that fell on the rocky d (compare verse 6 and verse 8)?
Rocky Ground (verse 6)	Good Ground (verse 8)
	s (the one on rocky ground and the other on good ground)  What one thing is needed before you would be able to
<ul><li>a. Fertilizer would be needed.</li><li>b. Time would be needed to see if the plant</li><li>c. Sunshine would be needed.</li></ul>	will survive or wither away.
This is a tempor good news) but only for a short time. What are N_R When things get ro 8:13)? Do and settled (compare Col. 1:23)? They la quite well on a nice sunny day, but when the human settled (compare Solution 2)? They land the settled (compare Col. 1:23)? They land the settled (compar	s. At first, how do they receive the Word (see Luke 8:13)? or how long do they believe (Luke 8:13)? orary faith where the person embraces the gospel (the the stony ground hearers lacking (Luke 8:13)? They have ough and tough what do these so-called believers do (Luke to they continue in the faith grounded (having deep roots) ack deep roots! The trees in the forest seem to be doing rricane comes, then we find out which trees did not have down and do not continue to stand with the other trees.

There are those who hear the gospel message and at first they seem to believe the good news and they are excited about spiritual things. They attach themselves temporarily to the Body of Christ and they seem to be genuine believers. Soon, however, persecution comes along. They begin to realize that living for Christ is not easy and is very costly. They begin to understand that being identified with Christ will result in the hatred of the world (John 15:18-19). True believers are treated as Christ was treated (John 15:20) and these superficial believers are not ready for this. "I did not realize all that is involved in being a follower of Jesus Christ. This is too difficult. This is not for me. I did not understand what I was getting into. I'm not going to be a believer any longer. This is too hard. I'll try something else."

In sharp contrast to the stony ground hearers are the good ground hearers. Read Luke 8:15. Those on good soil not only hear the Word but they also K\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it. This word "keep" (Greek-katecho) means to "hold fast." The true believer hears God's Word and keeps it. He holds fast to the Lord Jesus and to His gospel and refuses to let go. He realizes that he has decided to follow Jesus and there is no turning back. As the hymn says, "Keep us, Lord, O keep us cleaving to thyself and still believing, till the hour of our receiving promised joys with Thee." The believer realizes that being on the solid Rock is the safest place he could ever be, and he refuses to abandon that sure foundation. When others were turning away from the Lord, why did Peter not turn away (John 6:67-68)?

#### A True Believer Holds Fast to Christ and to the Gospel

We have learned that the good ground hearer "holds fast" to the Lord Jesus Christ and His gospel (Luke 8:15). The book of Hebrews was written to Jewish people who had embraced Jesus Christ. These Jewish Christians were going through some very difficult times. They were suffering through great affliction and persecution (Heb. 10:32-33). Some of them had lost many of their earthly possessions (Heb. 10:34). They were discovering that the Christian life is not always a bed of roses. Because of these difficulties and trials, some of these Jewish people were wavering in their faith. Some were even in danger of turning away from Christ and from Christianity and going back to the religion of Judaism. The writer of Hebrews gave them some very strong warnings to try to prevent them from doing this. They needed to hold fast to the gospel which they had received. They must not let go of Jesus Christ. They must not turn away from Him.

Consider Hebrews 3:6--"But Christ as a son over his own house, whose house are we, if we H\_\_\_\_\_ F\_\_\_ the confidence and the rejoicing of the hope firm unto the \_\_\_\_\_." This verse makes the amazing statement that believers are part of Christ's house. We are His house! We are part of a wonderful building: Jesus Christ is the builder and believers are the building (see Matthew 16:18; 1 Peter 2:5; Ephesians 2:20-22). Not only are we the **body of Christ** (1 Corinthians 12), but we are also the **building of Christ**!

Think of scaffolding which is erected around a building during times of construction or repair. Scaffolding is merely a **temporary attachment.** It is not a real and genuine part of the building. Proof of this is in the fact that the scaffolding does not continue with the building but rather it is taken down and removed. As we saw with the stony ground hearers, there are some people who temporarily attach themselves to Christ, but when things get difficult they fall away. They do not continue on. The part of the building which is true and genuine does not fall away, but the scaffolding does.

Another verse that speaks about "holding fast" is Hebrews 3:14--"For we are made partakers of Christ, if we H\_\_\_\_\_\_ the beginning of our confidence steadfast unto the \_\_\_\_\_\_." The word "hold" (Greek-katecho) means "hold fast" and it is the same word that we found in Hebrews 3:6 and Luke 8:16 ("keep"). When we first trusted Christ we put our confidence in Him and we trusted Him fully. We are to continue to cling to Him and trust Him throughout our Christian life. We must never let go of our confidence in Him. The Saviour that we met when we first trusted Him for salvation is the same Saviour who will be with us at our deathbed, at the very end of our life. At the end of our life our hope is still in Jesus Christ and we can still say, "My hope is built on nothing less than Jesus' blood and righteousness; I dare not trust the sweetest frame, but wholly lean on Jesus' Name!" We can cling to Him until the very

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loved them unto the " (John 13:1). Does His love for us ever end? Should we trust Him to the very end?
In 1 Corinthians 15:2 we are reminded of the importance of <b>holding fast</b> to the gospel which has been given to us: "By which also ye are, if ye keep in memory (hold fast) what I preached unto you, unless ye have believed in vain." "Keep in memory" (Greekkatecho) means to hold fast. It is the same word we saw in Hebrews 3:6,14 and also in Luke 8:15 ("keep"). When we were first saved, we received a very important message. What was this message (1 Cor. 15:3-4)?
Should we believe this message and hold fast to this good news all the days of our life? What would you think of a person who says that he believes on Christ, and then three weeks later he says, "I don't really believe that Christ died for my sins, and I'm not sure He really rose again from the dead either. The early Christians thought that He rose again, but I'm not convinced about this." Does this person sound like a true, genuine believer? Paul did not want people to believe in V (1 Corinthians 15:2), but rather he wanted people to believe for real.
Does God want people to draw back and turn away from the Saviour (Hebrews 10:38)? Does this please Him (Hebrews 10:38)? See Hebrews 10:39. Are you a person who draws back or are you a person who continues to believe? See Hebrews 10:23"Let us
the profession of our faith without (for He is faithful that promised)." Our faithful God will help us to remain faithful! Is He able to keep you from falling (Jude 24)?
A True Believer Continues in the Faith
There is good news for every believer in Christ. Someday God will present you "H and unblamable (blameless, faultless) and unreprovable (above reproach) in His sight" (Colossians 1:22). At that day, you will be totally without sin and no one will ever be able to find fault with you! Can people find fault with you now? That day when believers will be presented faultless is also described in two other places: 1) Jude 24"Now unto Him that is able to keep you from falling, and to before the presence of His glory with exceeding joy;"  2) Ephesians 5:27"That He might present it to Himself a glorious church, not having or wrinkle, or any such thing; but that it should be holy and without" What a day of rejoicing that will be! In our heavenly future, we will never have to worry about sin again!
In that glorious future day we will be presented holy (Colossians 1:22), but today we need to Cin the F(Colossians 1:23). Colossians 1:23 is not describing someone who is merely temporarily attached to Christ, but rather it is describing a person who continues in the faith, having deep roots ("grounded and settled"), and who holds fast to the gospel message which he has heard. He refuses to move away from the hope of the gospel. He is not going to budge! Is there any reason we should budge and move away from Christ? If someone could find a better Saviour than Jesus Christ, then we could budge, but is that going to happen? If someone could find a better book than the Bible, then we could budge, but will such a book ever be found? If someone could find some good news that is better than the gospel of Jesus Christ, then we could budge, but will this ever happen? When the giant oak tree has its roots deep into the ground, there is no reason to budge, not even when a hurricane comes. When the believer has his roots deep into Jesus Christ, then there is no reason to move! God wants us to be "steadfast,, always abounding in the work of the Lord" (1 Cor. 15:58).

## Stay in the Ship or You Will Perish!

In Acts 27, God has given us a wonderful illustration of the need to continue in the faith.

#### The Ship of Acts 27

In Acts 27 we have the account of Paul and others in his ship being caught in a violent storm. From every indication it seemed that all the men would perish in the sea. But God had other plans. How many of the crewmen would be lost (Acts 27:22)?  How many would be saved (Acts 27:24)?  How many would be saved (Acts 27:24)?  Although the safety of all on board was promised by God, in verse 31 Paul warned them to in the ship. This warning was necessary because in verse 30 we learn that the crewmen were about to abandon ship. If they had left the ship, would they have been saved (verse 31)?  Did they all remain in the ship as Paul told them to do in verse 31?  Were they all saved (verse 44)?
The Ship of Faith
Every believer is on the ship of faith (John 6:47; Acts 16:31). Will any of these believers be lost (John 10:28-30)? Who said so? Even though the safety of all true believers is promised by God, yet God still gives strong warnings to believers and tells them to take heed lest they should from the living God (Hebrews 3:12). God encourages believers to stay in the ship of faith (see Col. 1:23 in the faith"; Acts13:43 " in the grace of God"; Acts 14:22 " in the faith").
Just as God used Paul's warning as a <b>means</b> of keeping the crewmen safe, so God uses many warnings (such as we find in Hebrews 3:6,12,14; 1 Cor. 15:2; Heb. 10:38; etc.) as a MEANS of keeping the believer safe and secure in Christ forever. In a similar way, a loving parent may give a young child very strong warnings about the dangers of walking out into the street. The purpose of these warnings is to keep the child safe. The parent could help the child keep safe by saying, "You will not be hit by a car if you stay off the road and don't even go near the road." It would be foolish to say, "You will not be hit by a car so you can go anywhere you want to go and if you want to wander in the road, that's fine." Likewise God would never say, "Since you are saved and eternally secure, you can live any way you please and you can turn away from Christ and abandon the faith if you wish."
Think again of the illustration in Acts 27. Who was it that really kept the crewmen safe (circle the best answer):
<ul><li>a. The crewmen kept themselves safe because they remained in the ship (v.31).</li><li>b. God kept the crewmen safe (v.24).</li></ul>
Now apply this to the believer and circle the correct answer:
<ul><li>a. The believer keeps himself safe and secure in Christ by continuing in the faith.</li><li>b. God keeps the believer safe and secure in Christ (1 Pet. 1:5; John 17:12).</li></ul>
The True Believer is Safe Because of God's Keeping Power
We cannot keep ourselves safe and we cannot keep ourselves saved. This is God's work. He not only saves us, but He keeps us saved. He keeps us from F(Jude 24). He keeps our F(from failing (Luke 22:32). True, there are times when we falter and fail and sin, as Peter did, but even then, God will convict us and chasten us and help us to recover. How does God keep His believers safe? Does God keep us <i>apart from</i> faith (whether we keep on believing in Him or not) or does God keep us <i>through</i> faith (1 Peter 1:5)?

God keeps our faith from failing (Luke 22:32). Of course, we can have a lapse of faith as Peter did, but

God is faithful and He keeps us faithful!

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God will not allow our faith to totally fail. God keeps us on the deck of the ship of faith. We may fall down very hard on the deck, and may even get injured on the deck. But God will never let us fall overboard. We are kept on that deck by His great power (1 Peter 1:5). If it were up to us, we would fall off the deck very quickly!

#### **Practical Examples**

A. "I was once a member of a young people's gospel team. We were all saved, and we had some success in preaching the gospel. But one member of the team got into worldly company. He married a very worldly girl. He denied his Christian profession of faith, and he died a drunkard. Now you see, he was a Christian; he went to heaven; however, he was a carnal Christian and he did not have the reward of a spiritual Christian." We know that only God knows the hearts of men, yet, in the light of our study. would you say that this person was probably saved (as the above paragraph claims) or probably unsaved? Note: Were the Corinthian believers carnal (1 Cor. 3:1-4)? Would these Corinthian believers continue to the very end (1 Cor. 1:8)? Beware lest we use carnality as an excuse. Many who claim to be carnal believers might be headed for eternal destruction. Paul assumed that the Corinthian believers were holding fast to the gospel that he preached to them (1 Cor. 15:2). Some who think that they are carnal and think they will be saved so as by fire will really be lost so as by fire (the lake of fire). Some who think they will be saved by the "skin of their teeth" will actually be lost in the lake of fire where there will be "weeping and gnashing" of teeth. B. A chapel speaker once said, "Dear young people, there are two ways to go to heaven, the spiritual way and the carnal way. It is so much better to take the spiritual way!" One young person thought to himself. "I am a Christian, but I do not mind sitting in the bleachers. I choose to go to heaven the carnal way!" In light of our study, do you think this is the attitude a true believer should have? C. Many people profess to be Christians, but their daily lives do not differ from thousands of unbelievers all around them. They are rarely, if ever, found at the prayer meeting. They have no family worship; they seldom read the Scriptures; they will not talk with you about the things of God; their walk is thoroughly worldly; yet they are quite sure they are bound for heaven! You ask them how they know they are saved and they will tell you that many years ago they "accepted" Christ and "once saved always saved" is now their comfort. Are they really giving evidence that they are truly saved? It's true that if a person is once saved, he will always be saved, but each person needs to make sure that he is really saved and that he really has a right relationship with God's only Saviour, the Lord Jesus Christ! **D.** Thomas Cranmer was the moving force of the Protestant Reformation in the mid 16<sup>th</sup> century in England. In 1555 he was excommunicated by the Roman Catholic Church in Rome. As pressures mounted Cranmer weakened and he even signed a statement in which he denied the Christian faith. Just before he was to be put to death by Queen Mary (who was strongly Catholic and who caused almost 300 people to be burned, thus earning for herself the name "BLOODY MARY") he renounced his denial, and once more and in the strongest terms declared his faith in Christ. In dramatic fashion he showed how he felt about his denial of the principles of the Reformation. The hand which had signed the denial he held firmly in the flames until it was burned to a crisp. Then the flames scorched his body, and he died the death of a martyr. Cranmer was similar to Peter in that he failed his Lord but then recovered. Do you think you will someday see Thomas Cranmer in heaven (Rev. 2:10-11)? \_\_\_\_\_\_. May God help us to be faithful to Christ to the very last breath that we take!

Congratulations, you have complete the NEW BELIEVER NOTES. You have looked up hundreds of verses and we trust that God has taught you precious truths from His Word. May you have and enjoy God's very best in Christ Jesus!